

# Safety Data Sheet

## BELTRACO POWER CLEANER



### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name:

BELTRACO POWER CLEANER (5 L)

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use:

Mixtures/Substance for the industrial and/or professional finishing for leather and shoes.

Uses advised against:

Stick to the recommended use.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier:

Beltraco Benelux B.V.

Biestkampweg 21, 5249 JV Rosmalen, Nederland

Tel.: +31 (0)73 645 03 43

E-Mail: info@beltraco.nl

www.beltraco.nl

#### 1.4. Antigifcentrum


Dutch National Poison Information Center (UMC Utrecht)


Intended only to inform professional responders of acute poisonings

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

EC regulation criteria 1272/2008 (CLP)

 Warning, Skin Irrit. 2, Causes skin irritation.

 Danger, Eye Dam. 1, Causes serious eye damage.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms:



Danger

Hazard statements:

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements:

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or a doctor.

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Special Provisions:

EUH208 Contains reaction mass of isothiazolinones. May produce an allergic reaction.

## Contains

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., sodium salts  
Oxyethoxylated synthetic alcohol

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None

### 2.3. Other hazards

vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None

Other Hazards:

No other hazards.



















## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Not available

### 3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification (The higher extreme values, if indicated, are to be considered excluded):

Qty	Name	Ident. Number	Classification
10% - 12.5%	Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., sodium salts	CAS: 68411-30-3 EC: 270-115-0 REACH No.: 01-2119489428-22	 3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302  4.1/C3 Aquatic Chronic 3 H412  3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315  3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318
5% - 7%	(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	CAS: 34590-94-8 EC: 252-104-2 REACH No.: 01-2119450011-60	Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit.
5% - 7%	2-butoxyethanol	Index number: 603-014-00-0 CAS: 111-76-2 EC: 203-905-0 REACH No.: 01-2119475108-36	 3.3/2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319  3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315  3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302  3.1/4/Dermal Acute Tox. 4 H312  3.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332
1% - 3%	Oxyethoxylated synthetic alcohol	CAS: 61827-42-7	 3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302  3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318
10 ppm	reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]; and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Index number: 613-167-00-5 CAS: 55965-84-9	 3.2/1B Skin Corr. 1B H314  3.4.2/1-1A-1B Skin Sens. 1,1A,1B H317  4.1/A1 Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=10.  4.1/C1 Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1.  3.1/3/Oral Acute Tox. 3 H301  3.1/3/Dermal Acute Tox. 3 H311  3.1/3/Inhal Acute Tox. 3 H331

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (detergents):

anionic surfactants >=5<15%

non-ionic surfactants <5%

phosphates <5%

Preservatives:

DMDM Hydantoin

Methylchloroisothiazolinone

Methylisothiazolinone

perfumes

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.

OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not under any circumstances induce vomiting. OBTAIN A MEDICAL EXAMINATION IMMEDIATELY.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

In case of respiratory problems, medical care is needed.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

For the most important symptoms and effects, caused by exposure, see the label (section 2) and/or section 11.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment:

Treat symptomatically.

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

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### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

CO<sub>2</sub>, foam, dry extinguishers, nebulised water.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

Do not use jets of water as it can cause the spread of fire.

Water can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not inhale combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

EQUIPMENT

Fire fighting clothing i. e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure air breathing apparatus (BN EN 137).

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## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

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### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: inert absorbing material.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Stop the leak or spill if this is not a risk. Use inert absorbent material to surround the contaminated area.

Collect the product wearing, if necessary, appropriate protective equipment for a possible recovering or for disposal. Dispose in line with current laws and norms. Do not pour into drains.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not eat or drink while working. Do not smoke.  
 Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.  
 Avoid contemporary handling of any incompatible materials (see section 10).  
 Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.  
 Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.  
 Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.  
 Wash hands thoroughly after shift.  
 See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place at a temperature between +5/40°C.  
 Keep away from food, drink and feed.  
 Incompatible materials:  
 None in particular. See also section 10.  
 Instructions as regards storage premises:  
 Adequately ventilated premises.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

None in particular, except those listed in paragraph 1.2.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Source: GESTIS International Limit Values Database

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol - CAS: 34590-94-8  
 TLV-ACGIH - TWA: 606 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 100 ppm - STEL: 909 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 150 ppm  
 ACGIH - TWA(8h): 100 ppm - STEL: 150 ppm - Notes: Skin - Eye and URT irr, CNS impair  
 EU - TWA(8h): 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm - Notes: Skin  
 Deutschland (AGS) - TWA: 310 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm - STEL(): 310 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm - Notes: Inhalable aerosol and vapour  
 Deutschland (DFG) - TWA: 310 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm - STEL(): 310 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm - Notes: Inhalable aerosol and vapour  
 España - TWA: 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm  
 France - TWA: 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm - Behaviour: Binding  
 Italia - TWA: 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm  
 Nederland - TWA: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Österreich - TWA: 307 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm - STEL: 614 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 100 ppm - Notes: TWA = MAK Langzeitwert STEL = Kurzzeitwert  
 Polska - TWA: 240 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - STEL: 280 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Sverige - TWA: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm - STEL(): 450 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 75 ppm  
 Türkiye - TWA: 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm  
 United Kingdom - TWA: 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm  
 2-butoxyethanol - CAS: 111-76-2  
 TLV-ACGIH - TWA: 97 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 20 ppm  
 ACGIH - TWA(8h): 20 ppm - Notes: A3, BEI - Eye and URT irr  
 EU - TWA(8h): 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 20 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm - Notes: Skin  
 Deutschland (AGS) - TWA: 49 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 10 ppm - STEL(): 196 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 40 ppm  
 Deutschland (DFG) - TWA: 49 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 10 ppm - STEL(): 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 20 ppm  
 España - TWA: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 20 ppm - STEL: 245 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm  
 France - TWA: 49 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 10 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm - Behaviour: Binding  
 Italia - TWA: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 20 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm  
 Nederland - TWA: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - STEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Österreich - TWA: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 20 ppm - STEL: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 40 ppm - Notes: TWA = MAK Langzeitwert STEL = Kurzzeitwert  
 Polska - TWA: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - STEL: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Sverige - TWA: 50 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 10 ppm - STEL(): 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm  
 Türkiye - TWA: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 20 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm  
 United Kingdom - TWA: 123 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 25 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm

Legal base:

TLV-ACGIH: ACGIH 2014 and updates

UE European Union: Directive 2000/39/CE\*\*

Deutschland (AGS): Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe, Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte, TRGS 900\*\*

Deutschland (DFG): MAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste 2012\*\*

España: INSHT Limites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2015\*\*

France: Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984. INRS (2006)\*\*

Italia: Decreto Ministeriale 26/02/2004\*\*

Nederland: Nationale wettelijke publieke grenswaarden\*\*

Österreich: Grenzwertverordnung 2003 - GVK 2003\*\*

Sverige: Occupational Exposure Limit Values, Statute Book of the Swedish Work Environment Authority, AFS 2011:18, English Translation\*\*

United Kingdom: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits\*\*

\*\*and updates

### DNEL Exposure Limit Values

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol - CAS: 34590-94-8

Consumer: 36 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 308 mg/m - Consumer: 37.2 mg/m - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 283 mg/kg - Consumer: 121 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

2-butoxyethanol - CAS: 111-76-2

Consumer: 26.7 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects

Consumer: 6.3 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 1091 mg/m - Consumer: 147 mg/m - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, local effects

Consumer: 426 mg/m - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects

Worker Industry: 98 mg/m - Consumer: 59 mg/m - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 89 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Short Term, local effects

Consumer: 89 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, local effects

Worker Industry: 125 mg/kg - Consumer: 75 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

### PNEC Exposure Limit Values

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol - CAS: 34590-94-8

Target: Fresh Water - Value: 19 mg/l

Target: Marine water - Value: 1.9 mg/l

Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 70.2 mg/kg

Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 7.02 mg/kg

Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 4168 mg/l

Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 2.74 mg/kg

2-butoxyethanol - CAS: 111-76-2

Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 463 mg/l

Target: Fresh Water - Value: 8.8 mg/l

Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 34.6 mg/kg

Target: Marine water - Value: 0.88 mg/l

Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 3.46 mg/kg

Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 2.33 mg/kg

Target: Food chain - Value: 20 mg/kg - Type of hazard: Secondary poisoning

### Biological Exposure Index

2-butoxyethanol - CAS: 111-76-2

Value: 100 mg/L - Biological Indicator: Butossiacetico acid (BAA) in urine - Sampling Period: End of working week (TRGS 903)

Value: 150 mg/g - medium: Urine - Biological Indicator: Butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) - Sampling Period: End of turn; End of working week creatinine (TRGS 903)

## 8.2. Exposure controls

As the adoption of adequate preventive measures must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that:

- in case of inhalation exposure limit values, the workplace is well ventilated through an effective local aspiration system or other technical equipment, in order to maintain airborne levels below the exposure limits values
- if inhalation exposure limit values are not applicable, a good general ventilation is generally sufficient for most operations
- an emergency shower with face and eye wash station is available
- personal protective equipment is CE marked, in compliance with applicable standards

### Individual protection measures

Use in well-ventilated areas. Do not breathe vapours. Do not get in eyes and on skin.

Adopt a correct personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas.

Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Eye protection:

Use eye protecting goggles suitable to chemical risks.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin.

Protection for hands:

Protect hands with gloves suitable for protection against chemical agents (see standard EN 374).

In case of short-term exposure (splash protection):

Nitrile, neoprene or butyl rubber gloves

Breakthrough time: 30 min

Minimum thickness: 0.4 mm

In case of long-term exposure:

Butyl rubber, Viton or nitrile gloves

Breakthrough time: 480 min

Minimum thickness: 0.7 mm

The information provided here is indicative. The following parameters should be considered when choosing work glove material: degradation, failure time and permeability.

In case of chemical mixtures, the work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and frequency of use.

Respiratory protection:

In case of inadequate ventilation or mists/vapours/aerosol exposure (eg. spray application) use local aspiration system or a respiratory protective equipment.

Thermal Hazards:

None

**Environmental exposure controls:**

None

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Method:	Notes:
Appearance and colour:	clear fluid		
	yellowish	UNI EN ISO 15528:2003 (3.11+6.7)/UNI EN ISO 1513:1996	--
Odour:	characteristic	--	--
Odour threshold:	Not available	--	--
pH:	10.5 ± 1 (1:10)	UNI EN 1245:2011	--
Melting point / freezing point:	<0 °C	Expert judgement	--
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	>100 °C	Expert judgement	--
Flash point:	Not Relevant*	--	--
Evaporation rate:	Not available	--	--
Solid/gas flammability:	Not Relevant*	--	--
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	Not available	--	--
Vapour pressure:	Not available	--	--
Vapour density:	Not available	--	--
Relative density:	1.03 ± 0.05 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	UNI EN ISO 2811-1	--
Solubility in water:	miscible	--	--
Solubility in oil:	not miscible in organic solvents	--	--
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not available	--	--
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not available	--	--
Decomposition temperature:	Not available	--	--
Viscosity:	Not available	--	--
Explosive properties:	Not Relevant*	--	--
Oxidizing properties:	Not Relevant*	--	--

\*Data not applicable or not relevant due to the nature of the product and / or on account of its chemical composition.

### 9.2. Other information

Properties	Value	Method:	Notes:
Miscibility:	Not available	--	--
Fat Solubility:	Not available	--	--
Conductivity:	Not available	--	--
Substance Groups relevant properties	Not available	--	--

\*Data not applicable or not relevant due to the nature of the product and / or on account of its chemical composition.

**VOC total content: 9-11%**

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None in particular in the normal conditions of use.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

The product is stable under normal storage/use conditions.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

None in particular.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

May produce toxic and noxious fumes in case of fire.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Contact with skin may cause: irritation, erythema, edema, dryness and chapped skin.

Ingestion may cause health problems, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.

#### Serious eye damage/irritation

This product may cause serious ocular lesions, cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration.

#### Further information

The product may cause allergic reactions in sensitive persons.

Inhalation: may cause drowsiness and headaches.

### Toxicological information of the product:

- a) acute toxicity
  - Not classified
  - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
- b) skin corrosion/irritation
  - The product is classified: Skin Irrit. 2 H315
- c) serious eye damage/irritation
  - The product is classified: Eye Dam. 1 H318
- d) respiratory or skin sensitisation
  - Not classified
  - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
- e) germ cell mutagenicity
  - Not classified
  - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
- f) carcinogenicity
  - Not classified
  - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
- g) reproductive toxicity
  - Not classified
  - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
- h) STOT-single exposure
  - Not classified
  - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
- i) STOT-repeated exposure
  - Not classified
  - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
- j) aspiration hazard
  - Not classified
  - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

### Toxicological information of the main substances found in the product:

2-butoxyethanol - CAS: 111-76-2

#### a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Guinea pig = 1300 mg/kg

Oxyethoxylated synthetic alcohol - CAS: 61827-42-7

#### a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat > 200 mg/kg

Further information  
No one in particular.

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## SECTION 12: Ecological information

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### 12.1. Toxicity

Adopt sound working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Not classified for environmental hazards  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

None  
Not available

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not available

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Not available

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

None

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

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### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

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### 14.1. UN number

This material is NOT RESTRICTED for transportation (ADR/RID, IMDG, IATA, ICAO).

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not available

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not available

### 14.4. Packing group

Not available

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Not available

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not available

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

No

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

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### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)  
Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)  
Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)  
Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)  
Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013



Regulation (EU) 2015/830

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product:

Restriction 3

Restriction 40

Restrictions related to the substances contained:

No restriction.

Where applicable, refer to the following regulatory provisions :

Directive 2012/18/EU (Seveso III)

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (detergents).

Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1

None



## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

Based on information we have, a Chemical Safety Assessment, if expected, has been carried out for the substances in the mixture by the manufacturer or the importer.

## SECTION 16: Other information

Text of phrases referred to under heading 3:

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

Hazard class and hazard category	Code	Description
Acute Tox. 3	3.1/3/Dermal	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 3
Acute Tox. 3	3.1/3/Inhal	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 3
Acute Tox. 3	3.1/3/Oral	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Dermal	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Inhal	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Oral	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Skin Corr. 1B	3.2/1B	Skin corrosion, Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	3.2/2	Skin irritation, Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	3.3/1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	3.3/2	Eye irritation, Category 2
Skin Sens. 1,1A,1B	3.4.2/1-1A-1B	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1,1A,1B
Aquatic Acute 1	4.1/A1	Acute aquatic hazard, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	4.1/C1	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 1

Aquatic Chronic 3	4.1/C3	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 3
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Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking  
SECTION 2: Hazards identification  
SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients  
SECTION 4: First aid measures  
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures  
SECTION 7: Handling and storage  
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection  
SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties  
SECTION 11: Toxicological information  
SECTION 12: Ecological information  
SECTION 14: Transport information  
SECTION 15: Regulatory information  
SECTION 16: Other information

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

#### Further information

The information is considered correct, but it is not exhaustive and it shall be used only as a guide which is based on the current knowledge of the substance or mixture and it is applicable to the safety precautions appropriate for the product.

The information given is based on our present knowledge, at the time of sending the data sheet and only serves for describing the product for security reasons, without guaranteeing specific properties.

Due to the various uses of our product and for factors not dependent on us, no responsibility is accepted for the use of this information. Please keep your records up to date and make this sheet available to all relevant personnel. This safety sheet cancels and substitutes any other previous issue.

#### Main bibliographic sources:

NIOSH - Registry of toxic effects of chemical substances (1983)

I.N.R.S. - Fiche Toxicologique

ECHA database on registered substances (<http://apps.echa.europa.eu/registered/registered-sub.aspx>)

ECHA Classification and Labelling Inventory ([http://echa.europa.eu/clp/c\\_l\\_inventory\\_en.asp](http://echa.europa.eu/clp/c_l_inventory_en.asp))

GESTIS hazardous substances database of German Berufsgenossenschaften

(<http://www.dguv.de/ifa/Gefahrstoffdatenbanken/GESTIS-Stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>)

ADR:	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
CAS:	Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).
CLP:	Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
DNEL:	Derived No Effect Level.
EINECS:	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
GefStoffVO:	Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS:	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IATA:	International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
ICAO:	International Civil Aviation Organization.
ICAO-TI:	Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
IMDG:	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI:	International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
KSt:	Explosion coefficient.
LC50:	Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50:	Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
PNEC:	Predicted No Effect Concentration.
RID:	Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL:	Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT:	Specific Target Organ Toxicity.

TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.  
TWA: Time-weighted average  
WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

